## Exercise: James Stein estimator for Gaussian means

Consider the 2 stage model  $Y_i | \theta_i \sim \mathcal{N}(\theta_i, \sigma^2)$  and  $\theta_i | \mu \sim \mathcal{N}(m_0, \tau_0^2)$ . Suppose  $\sigma^2 = 500$  is known and we observe the following 6 data points: 1505, 1528, 1564, 1498, 1600, 1470.

- 1. Find the ML-II estimates of  $m_0$  and  $\tau_0^2$ .
- 2. Find the posterior estimates  $\mathbb{E}[\theta_i|y_i, m_0, \tau_0]$  and  $\mathbb{V}[\theta_i|y_i, m_0, \tau_0]$  for i = 1. (The other terms, i = 2:6, are computed similarly.)
- 3. Give a 95% credible interval for  $p(\theta_i|y_i, m_0, \tau_0)$  for i = 1. Do you trust this interval (assuming the Gaussian assumption is reasonable)? i.e. is it likely to be too large or too small, or just right?
- 4. What do you expect would happen to your estimates if  $\sigma^2$  were much smaller (say  $\sigma^2 = 1$ )? You do not need to compute the numerical answer; just briefly explain what would happen qualitatively, and why.