## **Exercise: Newsvendor problem**

Consider the following classic problem in decision theory / economics. Suppose you are trying to decide how much quantity Q of some product (e.g., newspapers) to buy to maximize your profits. The optimal amount will depend on how much demand D you think there is for your product, as well as its cost to you C and its selling price P. Suppose D is unknown but has pdf f(D) and cdf F(D). We can evaluate the expected profit by considering two cases: if D > Q, then we sell all Q items, and make profit  $\pi = (P - C)Q$ ; but if D < Q, we only sell D items, at profit (P - C)D, but have wasted C(Q - D) on the unsold items. So the expected profit if we buy quantity Q is

$$E\pi(Q) = \int_{Q}^{\infty} (P-C)Qf(D)dD + \int_{0}^{Q} (P-C)Df(D)dD - \int_{0}^{Q} C(Q-D)f(D)dD$$
(1)

Simplify this expression, and then take derivatives wrt Q to show that the optimal quantity  $Q^*$  (which maximizes the expected profit) satisfies

$$F(Q^*) = \frac{P - C}{P} \tag{2}$$